organic compounds

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2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylate methanol monosolvate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.079; wR factor = 0.216; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.0.

In the title solvated molecular salt, C₆H₉N₂⁺·C₇H₄NO₄⁻·-CH₄O, the pyridine N atom of 2-amino-4-methylpyridine is protonated and one carboxyl group of pyridine-2,6-dicarboxylic acid is deprotonated. The dihedral angles between the $-CO_2$ and -COH groups and the pyridine ring are 0.65 (13) and 7.4°. The crystal packing is stabilized by intermolecular $N-H\cdots O$, $O-H\cdots O$ and weak $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For background to proton-transfer compounds, see: Aghabozorg et al. (2008). For related structures, see: Aakeröy et al. (1998); Aghabozorg et al. (2006); Al-Allaf et al. (2003); Fu et al. (2005); Linden et al. (2003); Moghimi et al. (2004); Sheshmani et al. (2006); Thanigaimani et al. (2007).



a = 7.2191 (14) Å

b = 9.5095 (19) Å

c = 11.139 (2) Å

Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_6H_9N_2^+ \cdot C_7H_4NO_4^- \cdot CH_4O$ $M_r = 307.31$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.079$ $wR(F^2) = 0.216$ S = 1.174005 reflections 222 parameters

AREA; data reduction: X-AREA; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for

publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999). We are grateful to the Islamic Azad University, North Tehran Branch, for financial support.

> Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5416).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 298 K $0.4 \times 0.25 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$

2697 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.058$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $\alpha = 94.44 \ (3)^{\circ}$

 $\beta = 99.76 (3)^{\circ}$

 $\gamma = 92.50 \ (3)^{\circ}$

Z = 2

V = 750.1 (3) Å³

Data collection

Refinement

Stoe IPDS II diffractometer

4005 independent reflections

8658 measured reflections

, , ,				
$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C14-H14C\cdots O2^{i}$	0.96	2.59	3.488 (5)	157
$O5-H5A\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.78 (5)	2.02 (5)	2.796 (3)	170 (4)
$N3-H3B\cdots O4^{iii}$	0.83 (4)	1.95 (4)	2.764 (3)	166 (3)
$N3-H3A\cdots O2^{i}$	0.87 (4)	2.30 (4)	3.122 (3)	158 (3)
$N2-H2\cdots O3^{iii}$	0.85 (3)	1.87 (3)	2.723 (3)	173 (3)
$O1-H1\cdots O5^{iv}$	0.87 (4)	1.87 (4)	2.689 (3)	156 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y + 1, z; (ii) x + 1, y + 1, z; (iii) x + 1, y, z; (iv) x - 1, y - 1, z.

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2005); cell refinement: X-

supplementary materials

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2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylate methanol monosolvate

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Comment

Continuing the path to synthesize proton transfer compounds, our group have been focused on forming ion pairs between 2,6-pydcH₂ and various organic bases (Aghabozorg *et al.*, 2008). Due to its flat and symmetric structure and two proton donor sites, 2,6-pydcH₂ has a potential of constructing supramolecular networks. Proton transfer compounds of 2,6-py-dcH₂ with nitrogen donor molecules such as 2-chloro-benzylamine (Aakeröy *et al.*,1998), piperazine (Aghabozorg *et al.*, 2006 & Sheshmani *et al.*, 2006), phenanthroline (Fu *et al.*, 2005), creatinine (Moghimi *et al.*, 2004) and 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine (Thanigaimani *et al.*, 2007) have been synthesized and characterized by single-crystal X-ray diffraction method. In addition, the formation of monoprotonated 2-amino-4-methylpyridine (2a4mpH) has been reported in several proton transfer systems (Al-Allaf *et al.*, 2003; Linden *et al.* 2003).

The title compound, (2a4mpH)(2,6-pydcH).CH₃OH, consist of one mono deprotonated 2,6-pydcH₂ unit, one mono protonated 2a4mp, and one methanol molecule. The asymmetric unit of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The title compound, was formed from the reaction between 2,6-pydcH₂ as a proton donor and 2a4mp as a proton acceptor. There are several N—H···O, O—H···O and weak C—H···O hydrogen bonds, in crystal structure of the title compound (Table 1 & Fig. 2). The crystal structure shows that one of the protons of carboxylic groups has been transferred to N_{pyridine} of 2a4mp. Indeed, the structure formed self-assembled supramolecular network through noncovalent interactions.

Experimental

The reaction between a solution of 2,6-pydcH₂ (0.1671 mg, 1 mmol) in 10 ml water and 2a4mp (0.2163 mg, 2 mmol) in 10 ml methanol in 1:2 molar ratios gave block colorless crystals of the title compound after slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature (m.p: 267).

Refinement

The hydrogen atoms bonded to N and O were found in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically. The C—H protons were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms with C—H = 0.93 Å and Uiso(H) = 1.2 Ueq(C) for aromatic C—H groups and C—H = 0.98 Å and Uiso(H) = 1.5 Ueq(C) for methyl group.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at 30% probability level.

Fig. 2. The packing diagram of the title compound. The intermolecular N—H···O, O—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds are shown as blue dashed lines.

2-Amino-4-methylpyridinium 6-carboxypyridine-2-carboxylate methanol monosolvate

Crystal data

$C_6H_9N_2^+ \cdot C_7H_4NO_4^- \cdot CH_4O$	<i>Z</i> = 2
$M_r = 307.31$	F(000) = 324.0
Triclinic, PT	$D_{\rm x} = 1.361 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 7.2191 (14) Å	Cell parameters from 4005 reflections
b = 9.5095 (19) Å	$\theta = 2.2 - 29.2^{\circ}$
c = 11.139 (2) Å	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 94.44 \ (3)^{\circ}$	<i>T</i> = 298 K
$\beta = 99.76 (3)^{\circ}$	Block, colorless
$\gamma = 92.50 \ (3)^{\circ}$	$0.4 \times 0.25 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$
V = 750.1 (3) Å ³	

Data collection

Stoe IPDS II diffractometer	2697 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.058$
graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.2^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
Detector resolution: 0.15 mm pixels mm ⁻¹	$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$
rotation method scans	$k = -12 \rightarrow 13$
8658 measured reflections	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
4005 independent reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.079$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.216$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0939P)^2 + 0.144P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
<i>S</i> = 1.17	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
4005 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.44 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
222 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc [*] =kFc[1+0.001xFc ² λ^3 /sin(2 θ)] ^{-1/4}
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Extinction coefficient: 0.07 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional	atomic	coordinates	and	isotrop	oic or	equivalent	t isotroi	pic dis	placement	parameters	$(Å^2$:)
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	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.0312 (3)	-0.1514 (2)	0.73074 (19)	0.0679 (6)
O2	0.2937 (3)	-0.1669 (2)	0.8602 (2)	0.0686 (6)
O3	-0.3748 (2)	0.20309 (19)	0.76854 (17)	0.0544 (5)
O4	-0.2965 (3)	0.3911 (2)	0.9022 (2)	0.0730 (7)
O5	0.7131 (3)	0.9637 (2)	0.6320 (2)	0.0685 (6)
N1	-0.0374 (3)	0.09454 (18)	0.84467 (16)	0.0381 (4)
N2	0.2829 (3)	0.3098 (2)	0.70000 (18)	0.0424 (5)
N3	0.3671 (4)	0.5125 (3)	0.8268 (3)	0.0689 (8)
C2	0.1276 (3)	0.0410 (2)	0.8845 (2)	0.0415 (5)
C3	0.2618 (4)	0.1087 (3)	0.9759 (3)	0.0567 (7)
H3	0.3748	0.0678	1.0017	0.068*
C4	0.2249 (4)	0.2381 (3)	1.0281 (3)	0.0587 (7)
H4	0.3135	0.2872	1.0890	0.070*
C5	0.0548 (4)	0.2936 (2)	0.9886 (2)	0.0501 (6)
H5	0.0264	0.3806	1.0229	0.060*
C6	-0.0741 (3)	0.2185 (2)	0.8971 (2)	0.0386 (5)
C1	0.1592 (4)	-0.1007 (3)	0.8243 (2)	0.0495 (6)
C7	-0.2648 (3)	0.2756 (2)	0.8524 (2)	0.0455 (5)
C8	0.2394 (3)	0.4369 (2)	0.7460 (2)	0.0447 (5)

supplementary materials

C9	0.0583 (3)	0.4838 (3)	0.7033 (2)	0.0509 (6)
Н9	0.0248	0.5712	0.7337	0.061*
C10	-0.0679 (3)	0.4020 (3)	0.6179 (2)	0.0478 (6)
C11	-0.0140 (4)	0.2706 (3)	0.5725 (2)	0.0545 (6)
H11	-0.0972	0.2136	0.5138	0.065*
C12	0.1599 (4)	0.2277 (3)	0.6147 (2)	0.0515 (6)
H12	0.1953	0.1408	0.5848	0.062*
C13	-0.2608 (4)	0.4518 (4)	0.5746 (3)	0.0691 (8)
H13A	-0.3498	0.4075	0.6168	0.104*
H13B	-0.2964	0.4272	0.4882	0.104*
H13C	-0.2592	0.5525	0.5910	0.104*
C14	0.5526 (5)	0.8734 (4)	0.6264 (4)	0.0877 (11)
H14A	0.5833	0.7775	0.6097	0.132*
H14B	0.4556	0.8979	0.5625	0.132*
H14C	0.5088	0.8831	0.7032	0.132*
H5A	0.700 (6)	1.030 (5)	0.676 (4)	0.097 (14)*
H2	0.392 (5)	0.282 (3)	0.727 (3)	0.058 (8)*
H1	-0.058 (6)	-0.094 (4)	0.713 (4)	0.095 (12)*
H3A	0.338 (5)	0.595 (4)	0.855 (3)	0.084 (11)*
H3B	0.465 (5)	0.479 (4)	0.861 (3)	0.068 (9)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U ³³	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0737 (14)	0.0578 (11)	0.0673 (13)	0.0256 (10)	0.0023 (10)	-0.0158 (9)
O2	0.0602 (12)	0.0590 (11)	0.0874 (14)	0.0301 (9)	0.0100 (10)	0.0034 (10)
O3	0.0426 (9)	0.0509 (9)	0.0627 (11)	0.0152 (7)	-0.0078 (8)	-0.0096 (8)
O4	0.0609 (12)	0.0584 (11)	0.0882 (15)	0.0281 (9)	-0.0126 (10)	-0.0246 (10)
O5	0.0592 (12)	0.0678 (13)	0.0696 (13)	0.0078 (10)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0227 (10)
N1	0.0377 (9)	0.0360 (9)	0.0402 (9)	0.0065 (7)	0.0046 (7)	0.0020 (7)
N2	0.0400 (10)	0.0427 (10)	0.0432 (10)	0.0103 (8)	0.0031 (8)	0.0000 (8)
N3	0.0466 (13)	0.0550 (13)	0.0925 (19)	0.0163 (11)	-0.0104 (12)	-0.0305 (13)
C2	0.0390 (11)	0.0390 (10)	0.0482 (12)	0.0102 (8)	0.0089 (9)	0.0069 (9)
C3	0.0380 (12)	0.0537 (14)	0.0738 (17)	0.0107 (10)	-0.0055 (11)	0.0060 (12)
C4	0.0488 (14)	0.0515 (14)	0.0654 (16)	-0.0006 (11)	-0.0137 (12)	-0.0053 (12)
C5	0.0527 (14)	0.0368 (11)	0.0546 (14)	0.0052 (10)	-0.0049 (11)	-0.0040 (10)
C6	0.0381 (11)	0.0355 (10)	0.0408 (11)	0.0061 (8)	0.0020 (8)	0.0031 (8)
C1	0.0512 (14)	0.0451 (12)	0.0546 (14)	0.0161 (10)	0.0137 (11)	0.0014 (10)
C7	0.0418 (12)	0.0420 (11)	0.0506 (13)	0.0132 (9)	0.0021 (9)	-0.0014 (9)
C8	0.0387 (11)	0.0413 (11)	0.0526 (13)	0.0072 (9)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0029 (9)
C9	0.0421 (12)	0.0462 (12)	0.0648 (15)	0.0127 (10)	0.0091 (11)	0.0011 (11)
C10	0.0370 (11)	0.0550 (13)	0.0519 (13)	0.0036 (10)	0.0043 (10)	0.0136 (10)
C11	0.0503 (14)	0.0585 (15)	0.0491 (14)	-0.0037 (11)	-0.0016 (11)	-0.0042 (11)
C12	0.0538 (14)	0.0449 (12)	0.0530 (14)	0.0051 (10)	0.0067 (11)	-0.0077 (10)
C13	0.0419 (14)	0.081 (2)	0.083 (2)	0.0088 (13)	-0.0001 (13)	0.0215 (16)
C14	0.078 (2)	0.076 (2)	0.106 (3)	-0.0007 (18)	0.012 (2)	0.003 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C1	1.315 (3)	C4—C5	1.375 (4)
01—H1	0.87 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
O2—C1	1.208 (3)	C5—C6	1.386 (3)
O3—C7	1.257 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9300
O4—C7	1.240 (3)	C6—C7	1.520 (3)
O5-C14	1.401 (4)	C8—C9	1.417 (3)
O5—H5A	0.78 (5)	C9—C10	1.367 (4)
N1C6	1.332 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
N1—C2	1.335 (3)	C10—C11	1.407 (4)
N2—C8	1.347 (3)	C10—C13	1.504 (4)
N2	1.356 (3)	C11—C12	1.356 (4)
N2—H2	0.85 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
N3—C8	1.318 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.87 (4)	C13—H13A	0.9600
N3—H3B	0.83 (4)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.378 (4)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C2—C1	1.503 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.376 (4)	C14—H14B	0.9600
С3—Н3	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600
C1-01-H1	112 (3)	O3—C7—C6	117.74 (19)
С14—О5—Н5А	106 (3)	N3—C8—N2	118.9 (2)
C6—N1—C2	118.17 (19)	N3—C8—C9	123.1 (2)
C8—N2—C12	122.1 (2)	N2—C8—C9	118.0 (2)
C8—N2—H2	118 (2)	C10—C9—C8	120.7 (2)
C12—N2—H2	120 (2)	С10—С9—Н9	119.6
C8—N3—H3A	118 (2)	С8—С9—Н9	119.6
C8—N3—H3B	123 (2)	C9—C10—C11	118.7 (2)
H3A—N3—H3B	118 (3)	C9—C10—C13	120.3 (3)
N1-C2-C3	123.2 (2)	C11—C10—C13	121.0 (3)
N1-C2-C1	115.8 (2)	C12—C11—C10	119.6 (2)
C3—C2—C1	121.0 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C4—C3—C2	118.5 (2)	C10—C11—H11	120.2
С4—С3—Н3	120.8	C11—C12—N2	120.9 (2)
С2—С3—Н3	120.8	C11—C12—H12	119.5
C5—C4—C3	118.9 (2)	N2—C12—H12	119.5
C5—C4—H4	120.6	C10-C13-H13A	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.6	C10—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.3 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
С4—С5—Н5	120.3	C10—C13—H13C	109.5
С6—С5—Н5	120.3	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
N1-C6-C5	122.0 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
N1-C6-C7	117.22 (19)	O5—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.77 (19)	O5—C14—H14B	109.5
O2—C1—O1	121.0 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
O2—C1—C2	122.2 (2)	O5—C14—H14C	109.5
01—C1—C2	116.8 (2)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5

supplementary materials

O4—C7—O3 O4—C7—C6	125.9 (2) 116.3 (2)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—N1—C2—C3	-0.8 (3)	N1—C6—C7—O4	-180.0(2)
C6—N1—C2—C1	178.48 (19)	C5—C6—C7—O4	0.1 (4)
N1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (4)	N1—C6—C7—O3	-0.6 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-179.8 (2)	C5—C6—C7—O3	179.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.1 (4)	C12—N2—C8—N3	-178.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (4)	C12—N2—C8—C9	0.4 (4)
C2—N1—C6—C5	1.5 (3)	N3—C8—C9—C10	178.9 (3)
C2—N1—C6—C7	-178.5 (2)	N2-C8-C9-C10	0.0 (4)
C4—C5—C6—N1	-0.9 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.5 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.1 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C13	179.1 (2)
N1—C2—C1—O2	-172.4 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.5 (4)
C3—C2—C1—O2	6.9 (4)	C13-C10-C11-C12	-179.0 (3)
N1—C2—C1—O1	6.6 (3)	C10-C11-C12-N2	-0.1 (4)
C3—C2—C1—O1	-174.1 (2)	C8—N2—C12—C11	-0.3 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D\!\!-\!\!\mathrm{H}\!\cdots\!\!A$
$C14$ — $H14C$ ··· $O2^{i}$	0.96	2.59	3.488 (5)	157
O5—H5A···O3 ⁱⁱ	0.78 (5)	2.02 (5)	2.796 (3)	170 (4)
N3—H3B···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.83 (4)	1.95 (4)	2.764 (3)	166 (3)
N3—H3A····O2 ⁱ	0.87 (4)	2.30 (4)	3.122 (3)	158 (3)
N2—H2···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85 (3)	1.87 (3)	2.723 (3)	173 (3)
O1—H1···O5 ^{iv}	0.87 (4)	1.87 (4)	2.689 (3)	156 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (ii) *x*+1, *y*+1, *z*; (iii) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (iv) *x*-1, *y*-1, *z*.



Fig. 2

